

Description of restrictions

Restrictions under law:

Additional Provision 31 of Law 34/1998, of 7 October, on the Hydrocarbons Sector, in force since the enactment of Law 12/2011, of 27 May, governing civil liability for nuclear damage or damage caused by radioactive materials, specifies in section 2 that:

"No natural person or corporate body may hold, directly or indirectly, an interest in the parent company (ENAGÁS, S.A.) representing more than 5% of share capital or exercise more than 3% of its voting rights. Such shares may in no event be syndicated. Any party operating within the gas sector, including natural persons or bodies corporate that directly or indirectly own equity holdings in the former of more than 5%, may not exercise voting rights over 1%. These restrictions will not apply to direct or indirect interests held by public sector enterprises. Under no circumstances may share capital be syndicated.

Likewise, the combined total of direct or indirect holdings owned by parties that operate within the natural gas sector may not exceed 40%.

For the purposes of calculating the stake in that shareholding structure, in addition to the shares or other securities held or acquired by entities belonging to its same group, as defined by article 4 of the Securities Markets Act [*Ley 24/1988*], stakes shall be attributed to one and the same individual or body corporate when they are owned by:

- a) Those parties who act in their own name but on behalf of that individual or body corporate in a concerted fashion or forming a decision-making unit with them.
 Unless proven otherwise, it shall be deemed that the members of the Board of Directors of a body corporate act on its behalf or in a concerted fashion with it.
- b) Partners with those with which one of them exercises control over a dominant company in accordance with article 4 of the LMV.

In any event, regard shall be had to the proprietary ownership of the shares and other securities and the voting rights attached to each.

Non-compliance with the limitation on a stake in the capital referred to in this article shall be deemed a very serious breach in accordance with the terms set out in article 109 of this Law. Responsibility shall lie with the individuals or bodies corporate that end up as owners of the securities or whoever the excess stake in the capital or in the voting rights can be attributed to, pursuant to the provisions of the preceding paragraphs. Whatever the case, the penalty system stipulated herein will apply.



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Enagás, S.A. may not transfer the shares of the subsidiaries carrying out regulated activities to third parties".

Meanwhile, section 3 of Additional Provision 31 of this law states that:

"The restrictions of shareholding percentages and non transfer of the shares referred to in this provision are not applicable to other subsidiaries that ENAGÁS, S.A. may constitute for business activities other than transmission regulated by article 66 of law 34/ 1998, of 7 October, on the hydrocarbons sector, management of the transmission network and technical management of the national gas system".

Restrictions under the company's Bylaws:

In accordance with the aforementioned legal provision, article 6a bis of Enagás, S.A.'s Articles of Association ("Limitations on holdings in share capital") establishes that:

"No individual or body corporate may hold a direct or indirect stake of more than 5% in the equity capital of the Company, nor exercise voting rights in such company of over 3%. Such shares may in no event be syndicated. Those parties that operate within the gas sector, including those natural persons or bodies corporate that directly or indirectly possess equity holdings in the former of more than 5%, may not exercise voting rights in the System Technical Manager of over 1%. These restrictions will not apply to direct or indirect interests held by public sector enterprises. Under no circumstances may share capital be syndicated.

In addition, the sum of direct and indirect shareholdings held by individuals and legal entities operating in the natural gas industry may not exceed 40%.

For the purposes of calculating the stake in that shareholding structure, the Hydrocarbons Industry Act shall apply.

Enagás may not transfer to third parties shares of the subsidiaries included in its Group that undertake transmission and technical systems management, which are regulated businesses under Hydrocarbons legislation".