Renewable hydrogen, a key energy carrier for Spain and Europe

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Europe paves the way in H₂





Europe paves the way in H₂

Green Deal

Roadmap to a **climate-neutral EU** by 2050.

Fit for 55

Package of measures to **reduce** emissions by at least 55% by 2030.

Europe continues to move forward on H₂ regulatory frameworks Decarbonisation goals in the EU

Carbon neutrality by 2050

REPowerEU

European plan to **reduce dependence on Russia** and accelerate the energy transition.

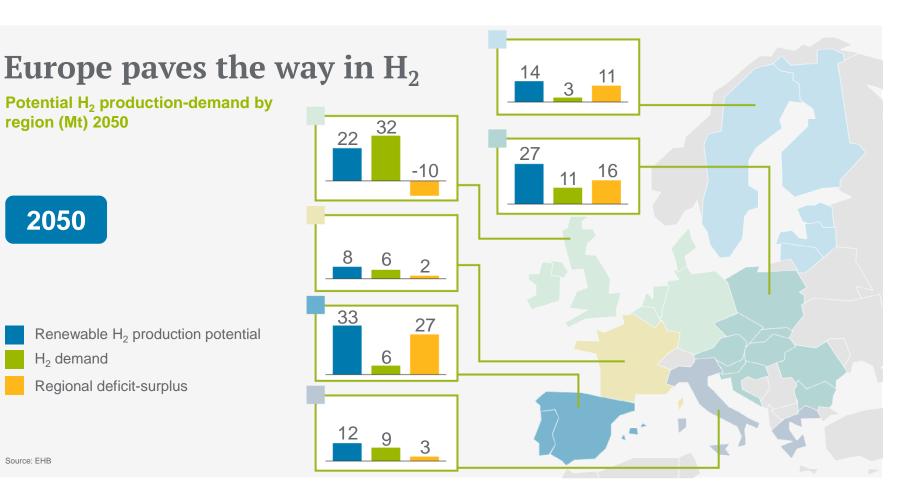
The focus of H₂ demand is on sectors that are difficult to decarbonise, such as industry and heavy transport

> Hydrogen as an energy carrier

2030 target: 20Mt of hydrogen consumption in Europe









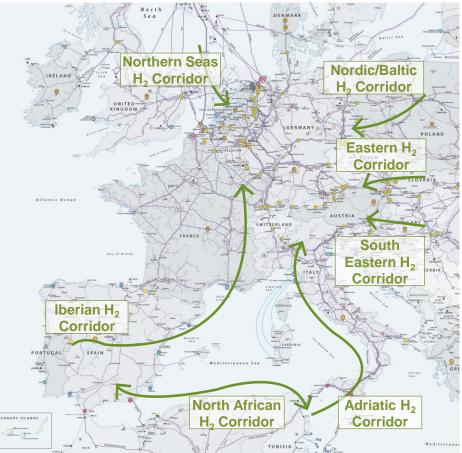


Europe paves the way in H₂

REPowerEU Corridors

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- Lever for the integration of European markets, to conynect producer countries with centres of demand.
- Keys to European energy independence and security of supply.
- The cost of H₂ transmission by pipeline over long distances is 2 to 4 times lower than transmitting electricity over high-voltage lines to produce hydrogen at destination, according to a study by European Hydrogen Backbone.
- The transmission of hydrogen by pipeline **reduces energy losses and avoids over-sizing the electricity infrastructure** to get the same amount of hydrogen to the destination.



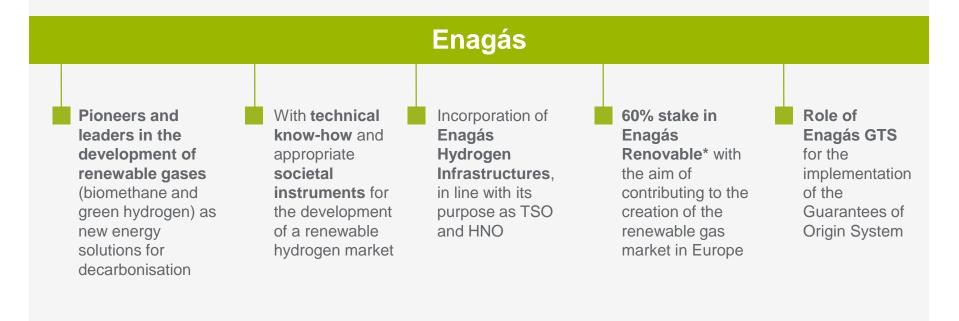


Enagás, catalyst for an H₂ market





Enagás, catalyst for an H₂ market

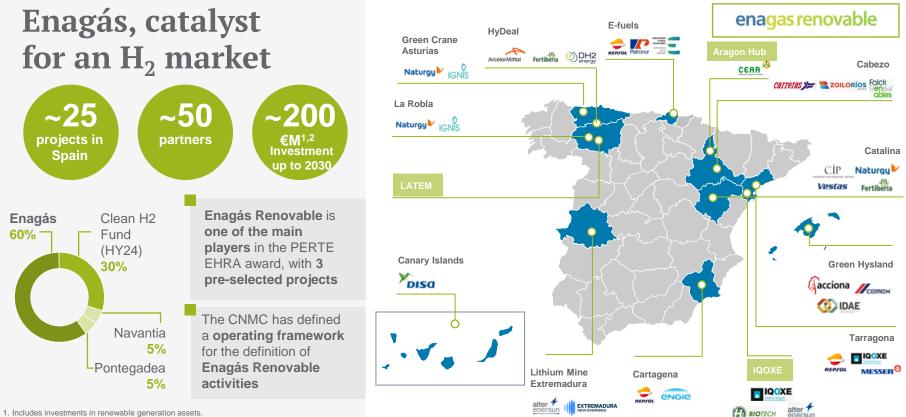


*Enagás' participation is in line with the framework established by the CNMC and will be adapted to EU regulatory developments in this area





H₂'s main projects and partners



2. Relating to Enagás, S.A.'s % stake in Enagás Renovable.

Projects in green have been pre-awarded under the H2 Pioneros programme of PERTE ERHA



DÍA DEL HIDRÓGENO DE ENAGÁS

Enagás, catalyst for an H₂ market

Main partners in Spain for the development of hydrogen projects

enagas renovable





Enagás, catalyst for an H₂ **market**

Enagás Hydrogen Infrastructures: HNO

As a European TSO, Enagás is ready to be **operator of the future hydrogen network** More than **50 years' experience** as a developer, owner and operator of the natural gas network

A network of infrastructures that should be the starting point for the development of the future **Spanish H**₂ **Backbone Network** The **proposed European legislation** confirms that TSO status is compatible with HNO status

H2MED, the first axes and the storage facilities of the future Spanish H₂ Backbone Network were submitted by Enagás to the EU call for Projects of Common Interest on 15 December 2022, according to the announcement made by the Spanish Government

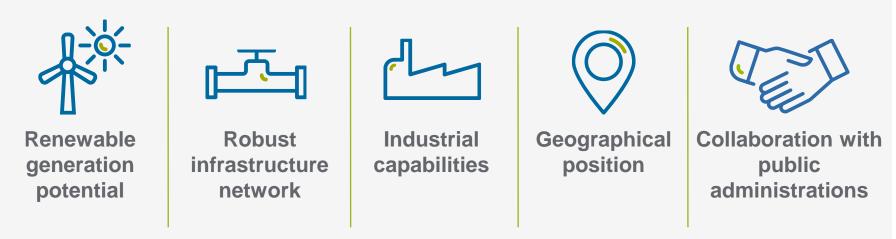








Capacities of Spain



H2MED presentation at the Euro-Mediterranean Summit as the first European Green Corridor





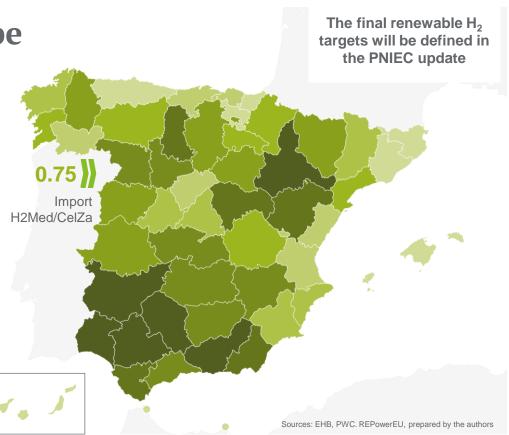
Renewable H₂ production potential

The estimated **renewable H**₂ **production potential in Spain** in 2030 is **between 2 and 3 Mt** and in 2040, between 3 and 4 Mt



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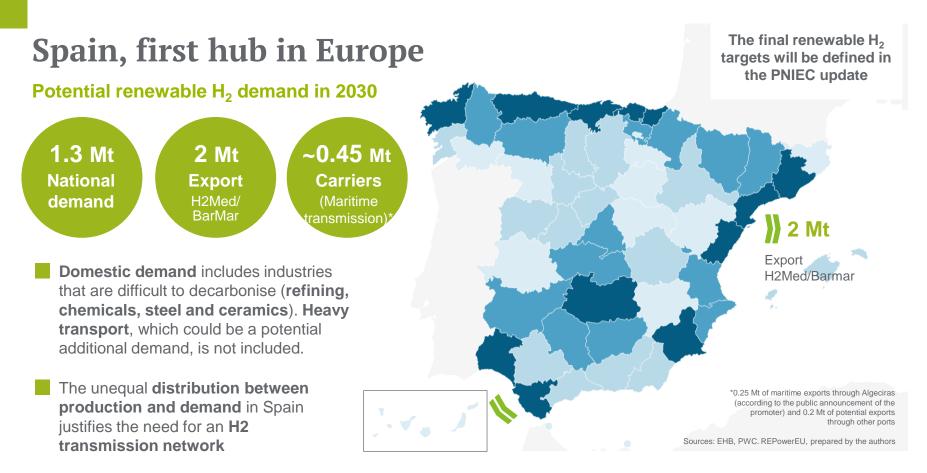
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Spanish H₂ Backbone by 2030*

Transmission and storage projects submitted to PCI call for proposals

High H₂ production potential connection with unmet local demand

1 H2

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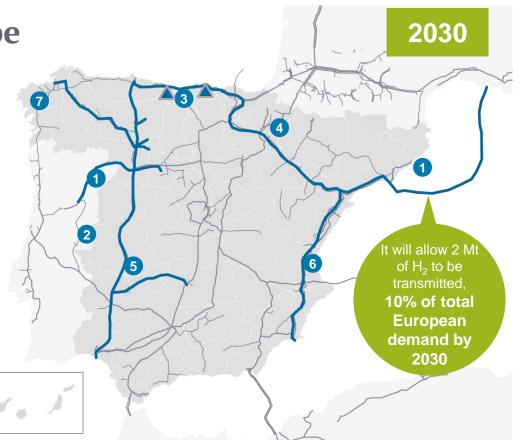
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- H2Med (Barmar-CelZa)
- **2** Vía de la Plata Axis
- **3** Cantabrian Coast Axis
- 4 Valle del Ebro Axis

Connection "H₂ valleys" for supply guarantee

- **5** Puertollano Connection
- 6 Levante Axis
- Coruña Zamora Connection Project submitted by Reganosa to the PCIs
 - Underground storage facilities

*This network is subject to what is defined in the Government's Binding Planning and prior cost-benefit analyses (CBA)





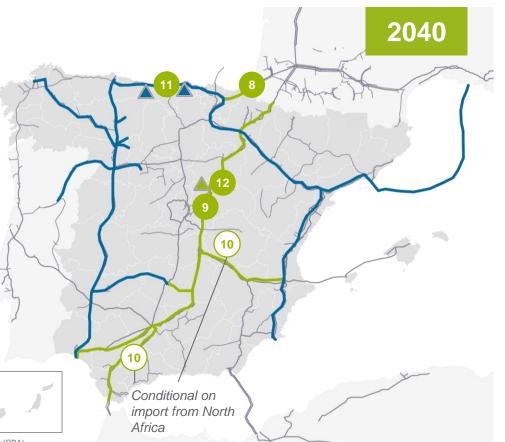
Spanish H₂ Backbone by 2040*

- 8 Irún and Larrau exports: existing interconnections dedicated to H₂ to increase exports to France.
- 9 Meshing of the Central Zone (Huelva-Córdoba-Madrid-Navarra): meshing to satisfy demand in the central area, provide security of supply, and guarantee exports and imports North Africa-Europe.
- (10) North Africa import, Tarifa-Córdoba and Alcázar de San Juan-Montesa: the following interconnections exist to increase exports to the rest of Europe.
- **1** H₂ Storage Facilities in Cantabria and Basque Country: incorporation of storage facilities to guarantee supply to the H2 transmission infrastructure.
- Yela H₂ storage facility. (Other potential storage facilities in southern Spain are under study).

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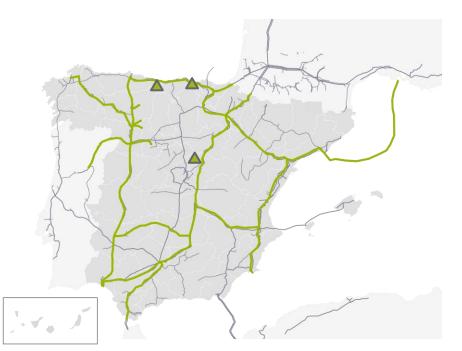




Current infrastructure network



Spanish H₂ Backbone by 2040





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Synergies between gas grid and H₂ grid in 2040





Benefits

Socio-economic

- Industrial development
- Innovation development
- Investment attraction

Energy and environmental

- Emissions reductions
- Air quality improvement
- Renewables promotion
- Contribution to national objectives



Social

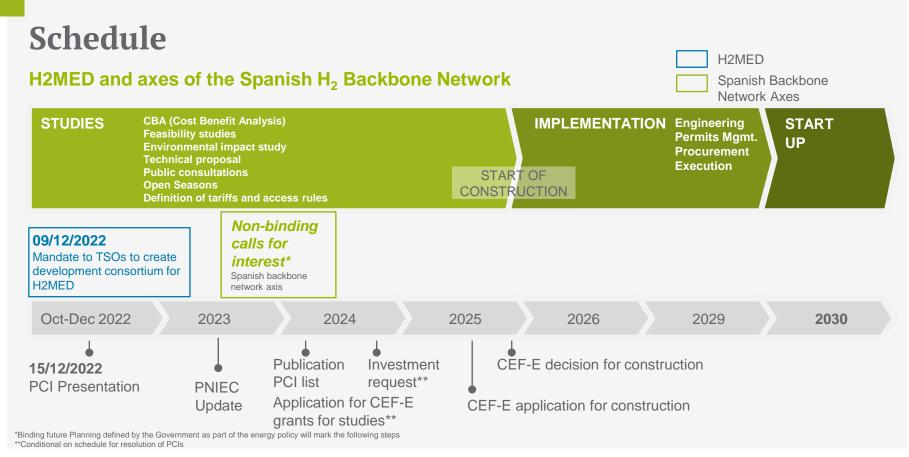
- Just transition
- Employment
- Contribution to local economies
- Sustainable development goals



Schedule







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Investments and financing





Projects submitted by Enagás to the European Union's call for PCIs

	Capacities	Technical specifications	Investment
H2Med-BarMar	Maximum capacity:	Length: 455 km	≈€2,135 M*
Total	2 Mt	Diameter: 28"	,
		Max. depth: 2,600 m	
		Operating pressure: 210 bar	
		BCN compression station: 140 MW	
H2Med-CelZa	Maximum capacity:	Length: 248 km	≈€350 M
Total	0.75 Mt	Diameter: 28"	≈ €157 M Spanish side
		Operating pressure: 100 bar	
		Zamora compression station:	
		24.6 MW	
	Total H2MED: ≈ €	2.500 M	

*Investment for each operator to be decided



Projects submitted by Enagás to the European Union's call for PCIs

		Segments	Technical specifications	Investment
Spanish Backbone	Axis 1	Cantabrian Coast Axis Connection of demand in the northern area with H_2 production points.	Approx. length: 1,500 km	≈€1,650 M
		Valle del Ebro Axis Connection of demand in the northern area and Castellón, and H_2 Tarragona valley, to the high H_2 production in Aragón.	Route: · Gijón-Torrelavega-Vizcaya- Álava-La Rioja-Zaragoza-Teruel · Teruel-Tarragona · Tarragona-Barcelona · Teruel-Castellón-puerto Sagunto · Puerto Sagunto-Cartagena	
		Levante Axis Castellón-Murcia, to connect Murcia H ₂ valley and Cartagena e-Terminal.		
	2 ·	Vía de la Plata Axis H ₂ production connection Extremadura and	Approx. length: 1,250 km	≈€1,850 M
		Castilla León demand by 2030 northern area and Musel export potential	Route: · Gijón-Musel · Mérida-Huelva	
		Puertollano Connection To connect Puertollano H ₂ valley	 Gijón-Avilés Gijón-Salamanca Salamanca-Mérida 	



Projects submitted by Enagás to the European Union's call for PCIs

adar analysis		
nder analysis otential capacity 2030: 335 GWh	New salt cavern in Cantabria	≈€580 M
nder analysis otential capacity 2030: 240 GWh	New salt cavern in the Basque Country	≈€590 M
ſ	nder analysis	nder analysis

The axes in question act as major collectors of hydrogen production distributed throughout the national territory. This, together with the development of potential underground storage facilities under study, will allow optimisation of infrastructure needs, both in terms of compression and the transmission capacity of the pipelines, with average diameter ranges considered to be 16"-36".



The investment will take place from 2026

The final amount will be conditioned by:

- Final list of PCIs
- Final objectives of the PNIEC
- Government Planning
- Results of the calls for interest and Open Season
- Final percentage of the current infrastructure network that can be reused
 - Final technical characteristics of the projects

H2MED ≈ €2,500 M* TOTAL

BarMar ≈ €2,135 M

CelZa ≈ €350 M in total

(≈ €157 M Spanish side)

Axis and storage facilities of the Spanish H₂ Backbone

≈€4,670 M

Investment figures are gross without considering potential subsidies In the case of BarMar (H2MED), the investment for each operator is still to be decided





Financing

1

EU funds. CEF-E programme for projects and other European funding streams

2

Open Seasons. Firm commitments from future off-takers that may give rise to project finance mechanisms

3

Cross-border cost allocation. The Infrastructure Regulation provides for mechanisms to allocate the costs of PCIs to the beneficiary countries by mutual agreement



Tolls associated with the use of infrastructure





Conclusions





Conclusions

- Enagás, catalyst of the H₂ market in its triple capacity as TSO (potential HNO), participates in the promotion of renewable gas projects through Enagás Renovable and as GTS
- As a European TSO, Enagás is ready to be an operator of the future hydrogen network
- Enagás submitted the H2MED projects and the backbone lines of the Spanish H₂ Backbone Network to the EU's Project of Common Interest candidacy in December, as announced by the Spanish Government
- The company is working on the projects in full coordination with the TSOs in Portugal and France, as commissioned in December and in line with European plans and Enagás' Strategic Plan

Net Zero infrastructure

- Enagás is a pioneer in the development of renewable gases and has the technical knowhow and societal instruments for the development of a renewable hydrogen market.
- The Iberian Peninsula has a network of infrastructures that will be the starting point for the development of a future H₂ backbone network
- Enagás will start non-binding supply and demand matching mechanisms in 2023 to optimise the development of the backbone network
- Spain has the conditions to become Europe's main renewable H₂ hub



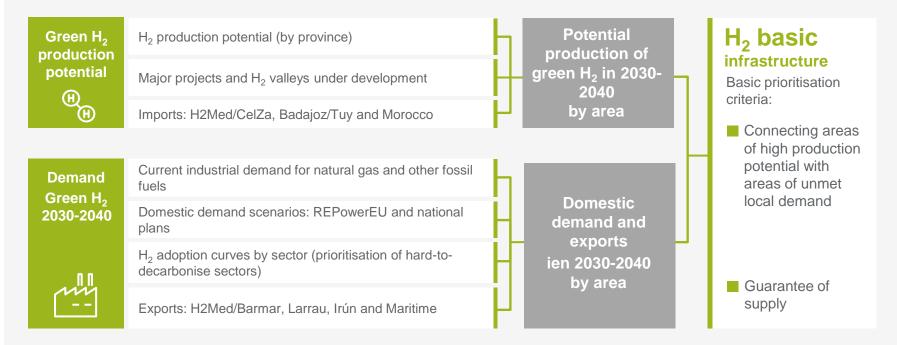
Annexes





Market analysis 2030-2040

Methodology for identification of H₂ transmission infrastructure needs in 2030-2040





Thank you very much



